

Unit 5

Day 5

Factoring Using Real Numbers

1)

$$\frac{1}{9}a^2 - \frac{1}{16} =$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{3}a - \frac{1}{4}\right)\left(\frac{1}{3}a + \frac{1}{4}\right)$$

$$2\left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{5}\right)$$

$$2 \cdot \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{2}{5}$$

2)

$$\frac{1}{4}x^2 + \frac{2}{5}x + \frac{4}{25} =$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{2}{5}\right)^2$$

3)

$$9m^2 - 8 = (3m + \sqrt{8})(3m - \sqrt{8})$$
$$(3m + 2\sqrt{2})(3m - 2\sqrt{2})$$

4)

$$\frac{3}{2}y^2 + \frac{10}{3}y + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{6}(9y^2 + 20y + 4)$$

$$\frac{1}{6}(y+2)(9y+2)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9.4 \\ 36 \\ \hline 20 \\ 18 \quad 2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l|l} \frac{1}{6} \cdot ? = \frac{3}{2} & \frac{10}{3} \div \frac{1}{6} = \frac{10}{3} \cdot 6 = 20 \\ \frac{3}{2} \cdot 6 & \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{6} = \frac{2}{3} \cdot 6 = 4 \end{array}$$

5)

$$18x^2 - 1 = (x\sqrt{18} + 1)(x\sqrt{18} - 1) \\ (3x\sqrt{2} + 1)(3x\sqrt{2} - 1)$$

6)

$$15x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 2x^{\frac{1}{3}} = x^{\frac{1}{3}}(15x + 2)$$

7)

$$18a^{-5} + 6a^{-3} = 6a^{-5}(3 + a^2)$$
$$\frac{6(3+a^2)}{a^5}$$

$$\textcircled{80} \quad (q^2 + 6q + 9) - p^2$$

$$(q+3)^2 - p^2$$

$$(q+3+p)(q+3-p)$$

$$(q^2 + 6q) + (9 - p^2)$$

$$q(q+6) + (3-p)(3+p)$$

8)

$$2n^{\frac{1}{2}} + 10n^{-\frac{1}{2}} + 12n^{-\frac{3}{2}} =$$

$$2n^{\frac{1}{2}} + 10n^{-\frac{1}{2}} + 12n^{-\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$2n^{-\frac{3}{2}}(n^2 + 5n + 6)$$

$$2n^{-\frac{3}{2}}(n+3)(n+2)$$

HOMework

WORKSHEET #4 1-6 (top)

Day 5 and 6 WORKSHEET 57-68 (all)

pg. 62: 69-76 (all)